

# WPA 3

Intro y un poco más...

Victor Tort

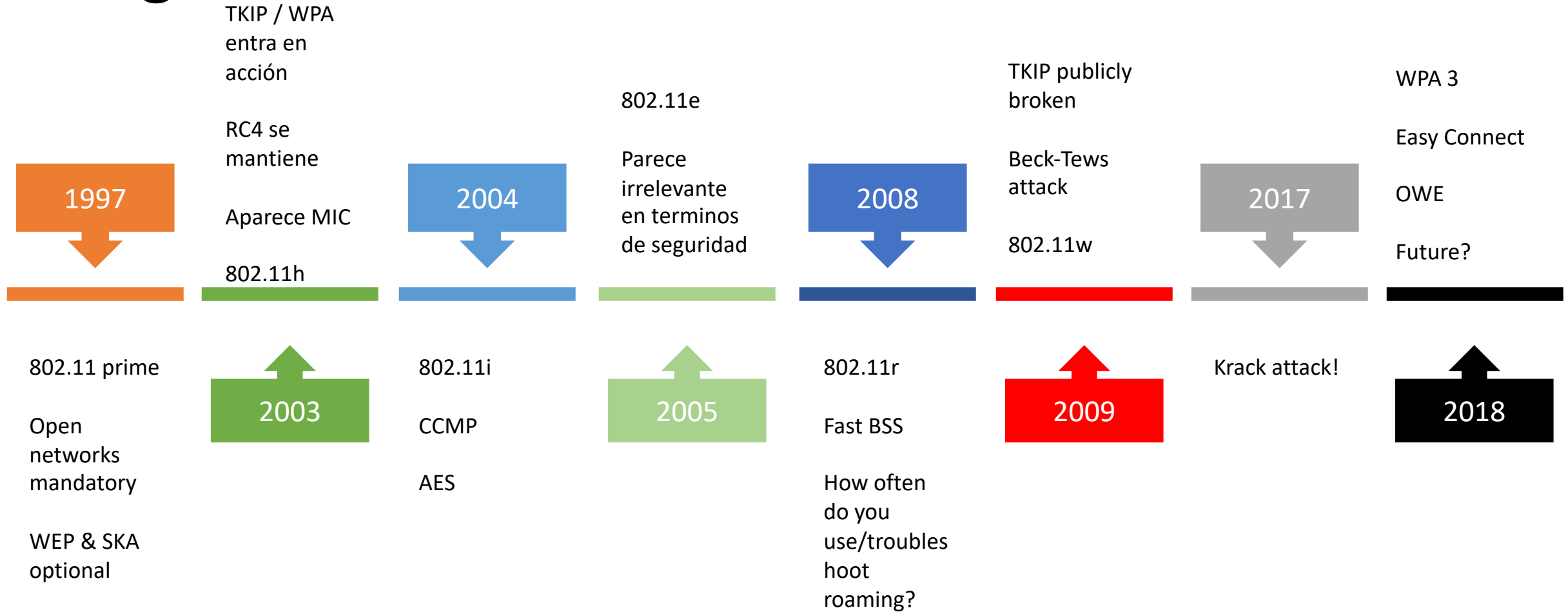
CWNE 267 & CWNT



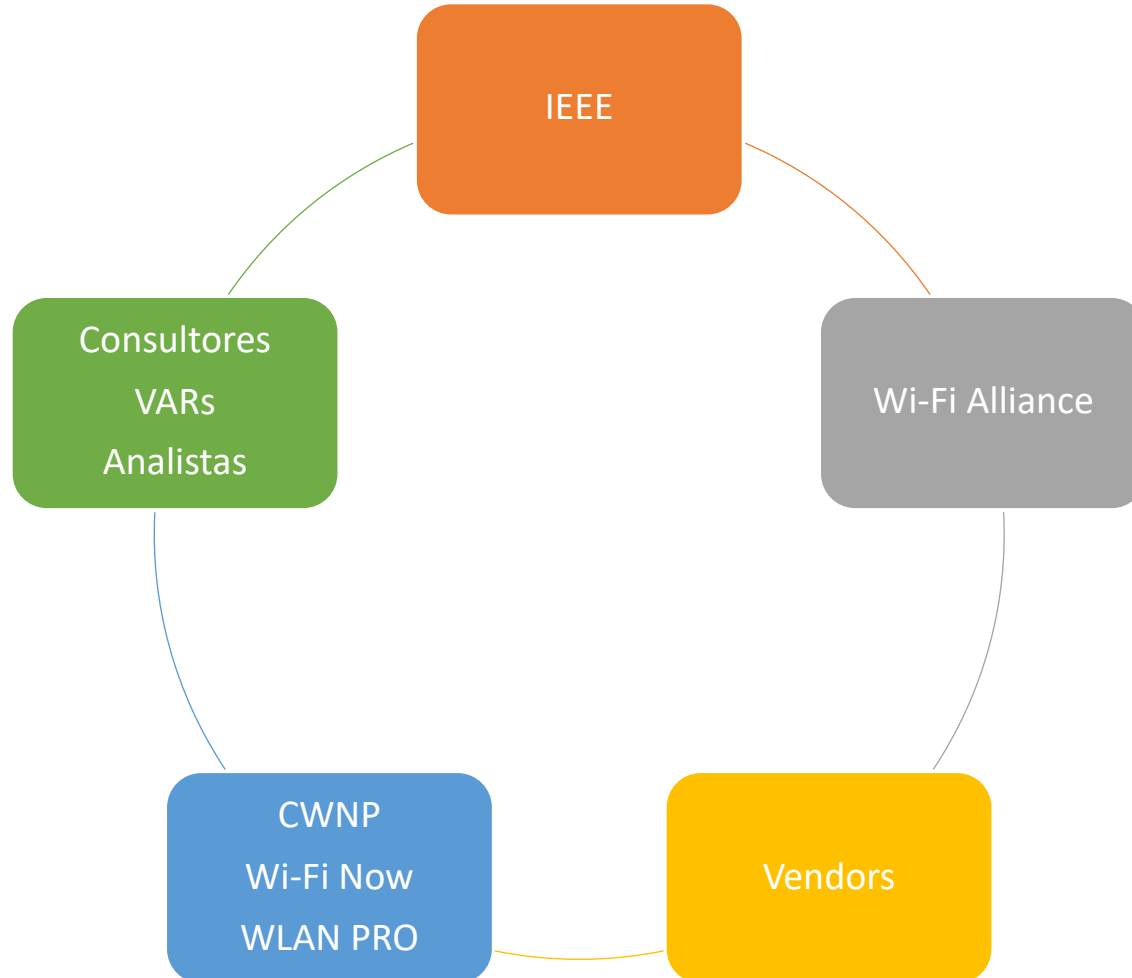
# Lo que necesitamos saber



# Algo de historia



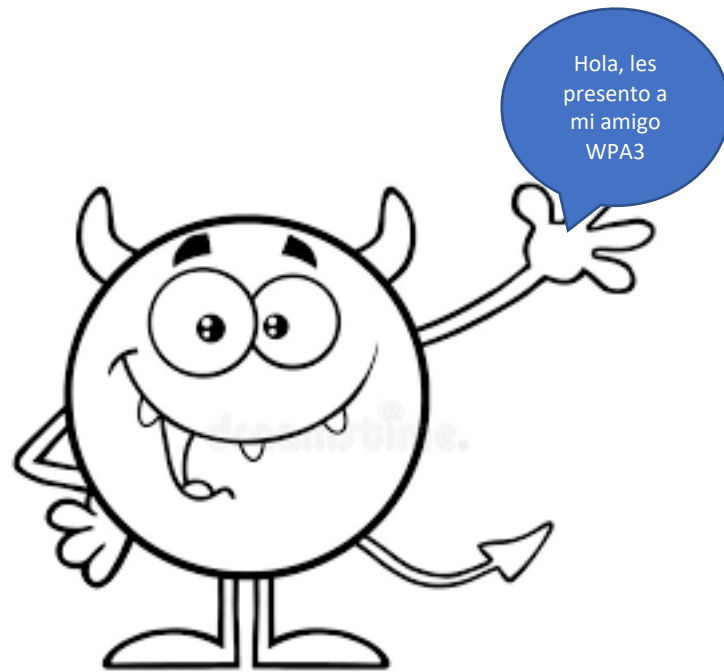
# Quiénes son los jugadores?



- Investigadores
- Usuarios
- Educadores
- Entusiastas -- Mathy Vanhoef / This amazing group!



# Hola, les presento a WPA3!



# Por qué estoy aquí?



# Matemáticas básicas

## De la mismísima Wikipedia

- Entropy

- In information theory, the entropy of a random variable is the average level of "information", "surprise", or "uncertainty" inherent in the variable's possible outcomes



In case of flipping a coin you would expect tails or heads  
Flipping a coin gives you an entropy of **1 bit**



A dice has  $\sim 1.80$  bits of entropy

Current information technology security best practices state that 96-bits of entropy should be safe for the foreseeable future while 128-bits is definitely safe.

# Block cipher example... An easy one

| A | B | C | D | E | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| F | A | B | C | D | E |
| E | F | A | B | C | D |

Decrypt the following message using the table above: EFBD

E = F  
F = A  
B = C  
D = E

Ciphertext = EFBD  
Plaintext = FACE

Ciphertext = Plaintext  $\gg 1^*$

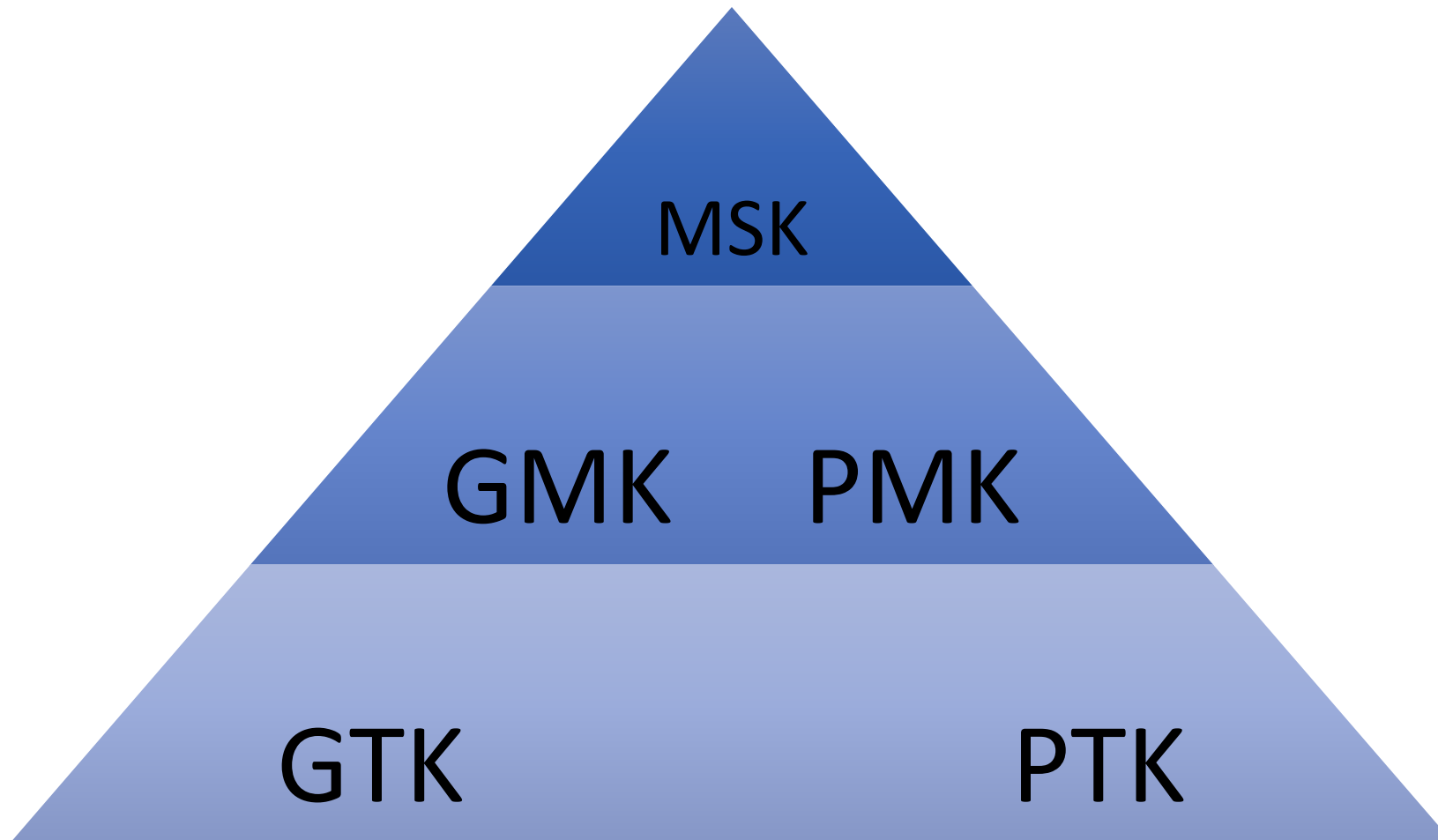
\* Represents the Key

Inputs = Plaintext  $\wedge$  Key  
Output = Ciphertext

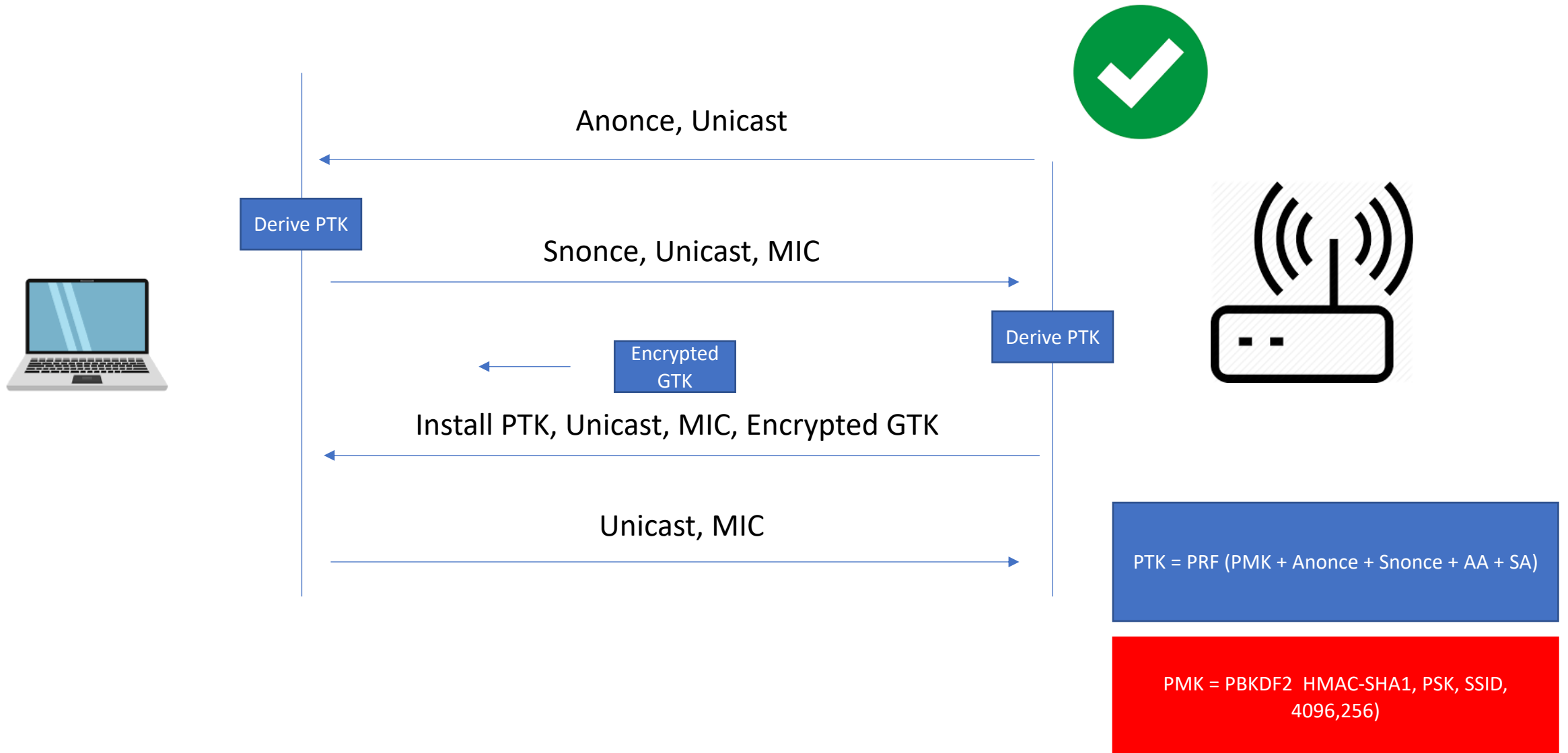
*The longest the key, the most secure the protocol*



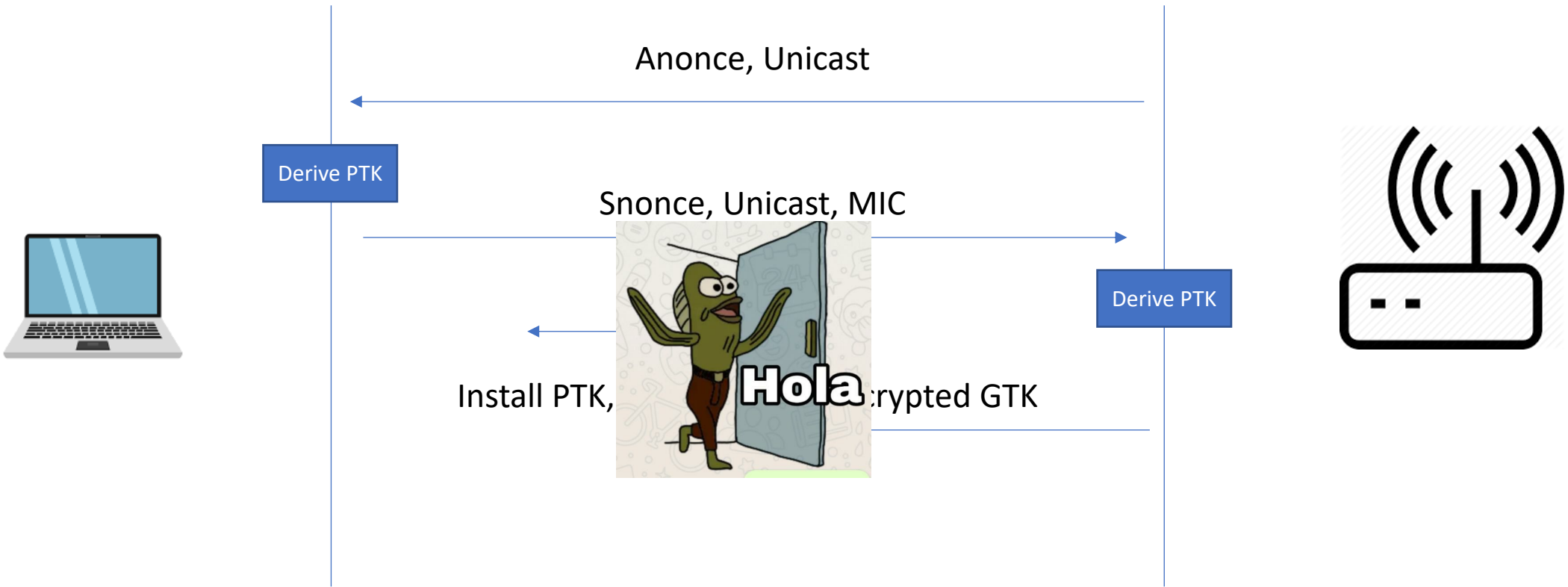
# RSNA Key Hierarchy



# Un viaje al pasado inmediato... WPA2



# Todo bien hasta que llegó KRACK



# Notas esenciales de **Krack**

- Key Reinstallation Attack
- El ataque funciona al manipular el mensaje 3 del 4 way handshake
  - Each time it receives this message (message 3), it will reinstall the same encryption key, and thereby reset the incremental transmit packet number (nonce) and receive replay counter used by the encryption protocol. **An attacker can force these nonce resets by collecting and replaying retransmissions of message 3 of the 4-way handshake.**
- Remember 802.11w?
- Remember 802.11h?

# A little bit of KRACK

- *Message 1: Authenticator → Supplicant: EAPOL-Key (0,0,1,0,P,0,0, Anonce, 0, DataKD\_M1) where DataKD\_M1 = 0 or PMKID for PTK generation, or PMKID KDE (for sending SMKID) for STK generation*



- *Message 2: Supplicant → Authenticator: EAPOL-Key (0,1,0,0,P,0,0, Snonce, MIC, DataKD\_M2) where DataKD\_M2 = RSNE for creating PTK generation or peer RSNE, lifetime KDE, SMKID KDE (For sending SMKID) for STK generation*

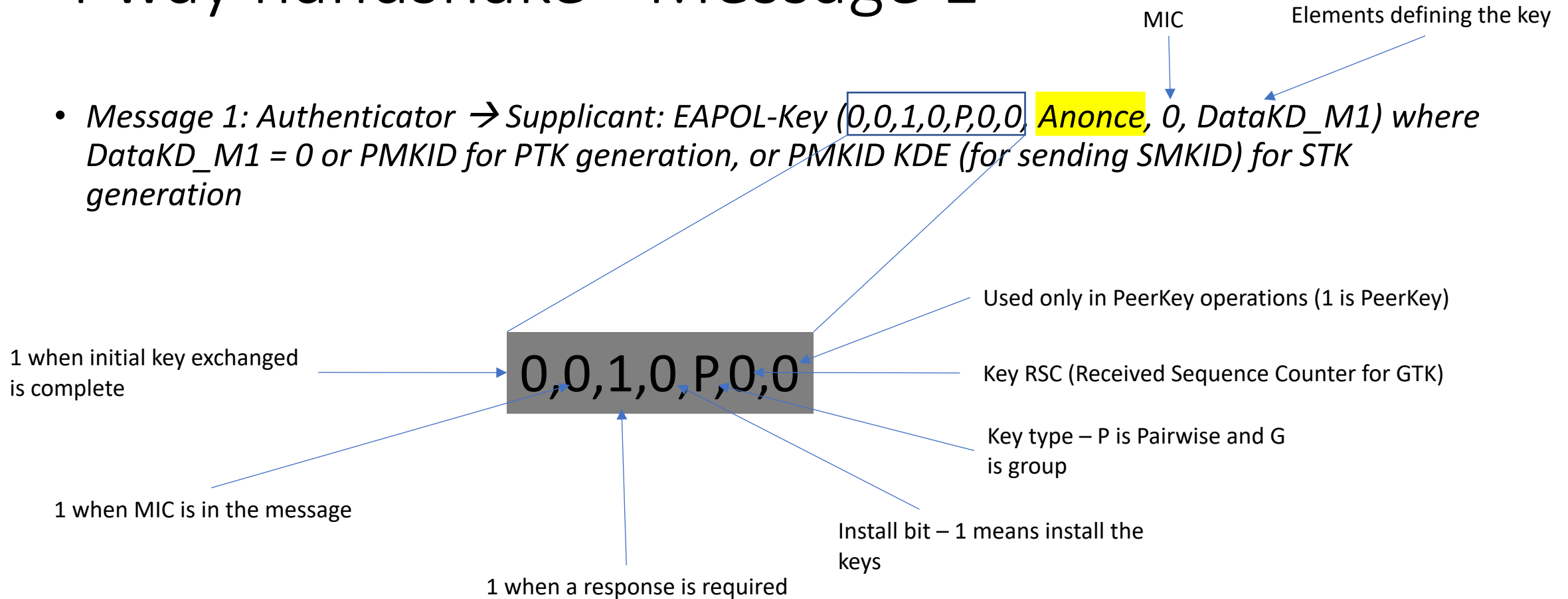
- *Message 3: Authenticator → Supplicant: EAPOL-Key (1,1,1,1,P,0,KeyRSC, Anonce, MIC, DataKD\_M3) where DataKD\_M3 = RSNE, GTK[N] for creating PTK generation or initiator RSNE, Lifetime KDE for STK generation*



- *Message 4: Supplicant → Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(1,1,0,0,P,0,0,0,MIC,DataKD\_M4) where DataKD\_M4 = 0*

# 4 way handshake - Message 1

- *Message 1: Authenticator* → Supplicant: EAPOL-Key (0,0,1,0,P,0,0, **Anonce**, 0, DataKD\_M1) where DataKD\_M1 = 0 or PMKID for PTK generation, or PMKID KDE (for sending SMKID) for STK generation



# 4 way handshake – Message 3

- *Message 3: Authenticator → Supplicant: EAPOL-Key (1,1,1,1,P,0,KeyRSC, Anonce, MIC, DataKD\_M3) where DataKD\_M3 = RSNE, GTK[N] for creating PTK generation or initiator RSNE, Lifetime KDE for STK generation*

The AP or controller can now send the GTK to the client and the install bit (bit 4) is set to 1

**This is the point where KRACK attack operates**

# Más detalles (~~Victimas~~)

Typical PTK 4 way handshake

Peerkey 4-way handshake

Group key handshake

Fast BSS Transition (FT) handshake

[CVE-2017-13077](#): Reinstallation of the pairwise encryption key (PTK-TK) in the 4-way handshake.

[CVE-2017-13078](#): Reinstallation of the group key (GTK) in the 4-way handshake.

[CVE-2017-13079](#): Reinstallation of the integrity group key (IGTK) in the 4-way handshake.

[CVE-2017-13080](#): Reinstallation of the group key (GTK) in the group key handshake.

[CVE-2017-13081](#): Reinstallation of the integrity group key (IGTK) in the group key handshake.

[CVE-2017-13082](#): Accepting a retransmitted Fast BSS Transition (FT) Reassociation Request and reinstalling the pairwise encryption key (PTK-TK) while processing it.

[CVE-2017-13084](#): Reinstallation of the STK key in the PeerKey handshake.

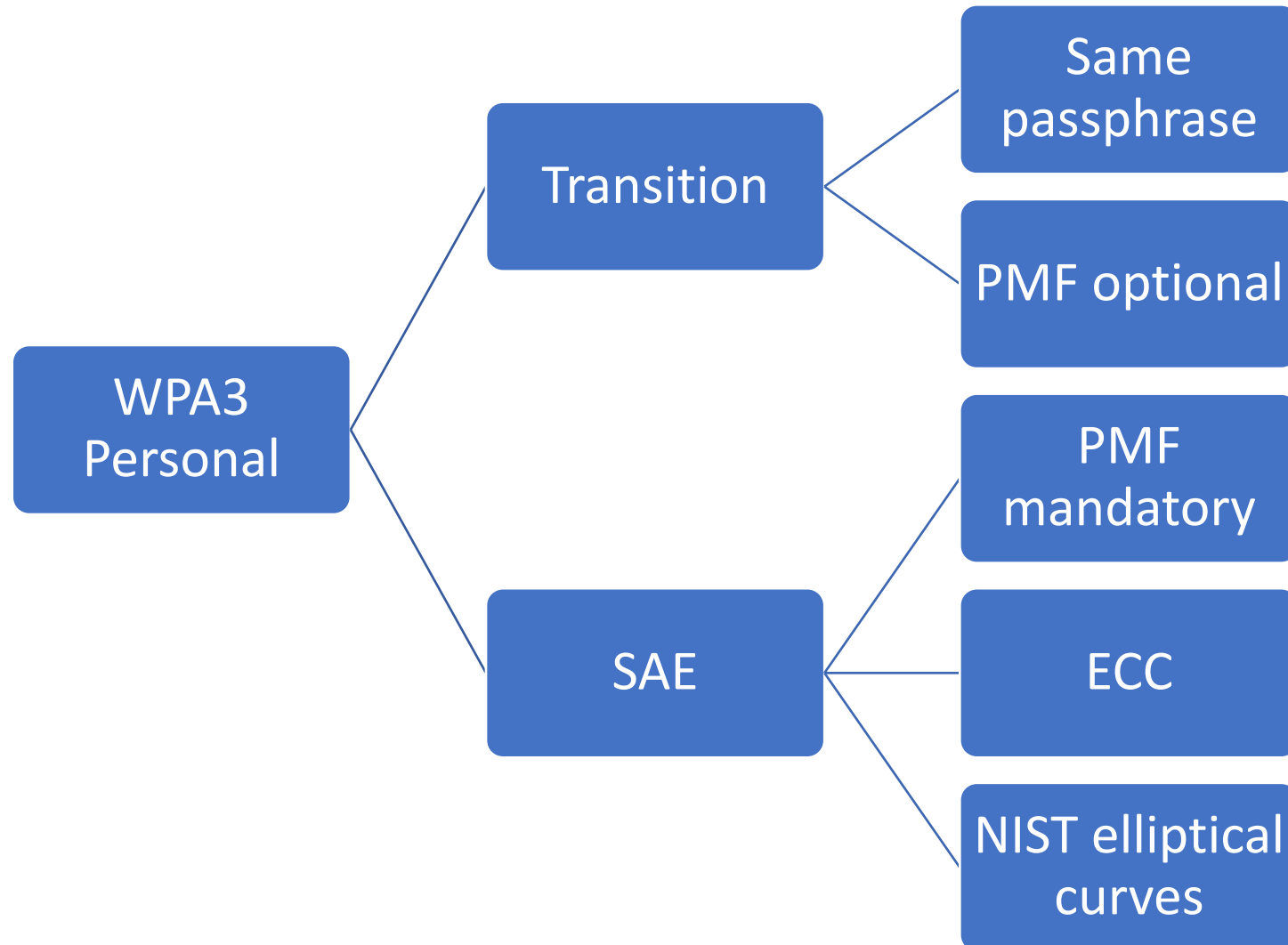
[CVE-2017-13086](#): reinstallation of the Tunneled Direct-Link Setup (TDLS) PeerKey (TPK) key in the TDLS handshake.

[CVE-2017-13087](#): reinstallation of the group key (GTK) when processing a Wireless Network Management (WNM) Sleep Mode Response frame.

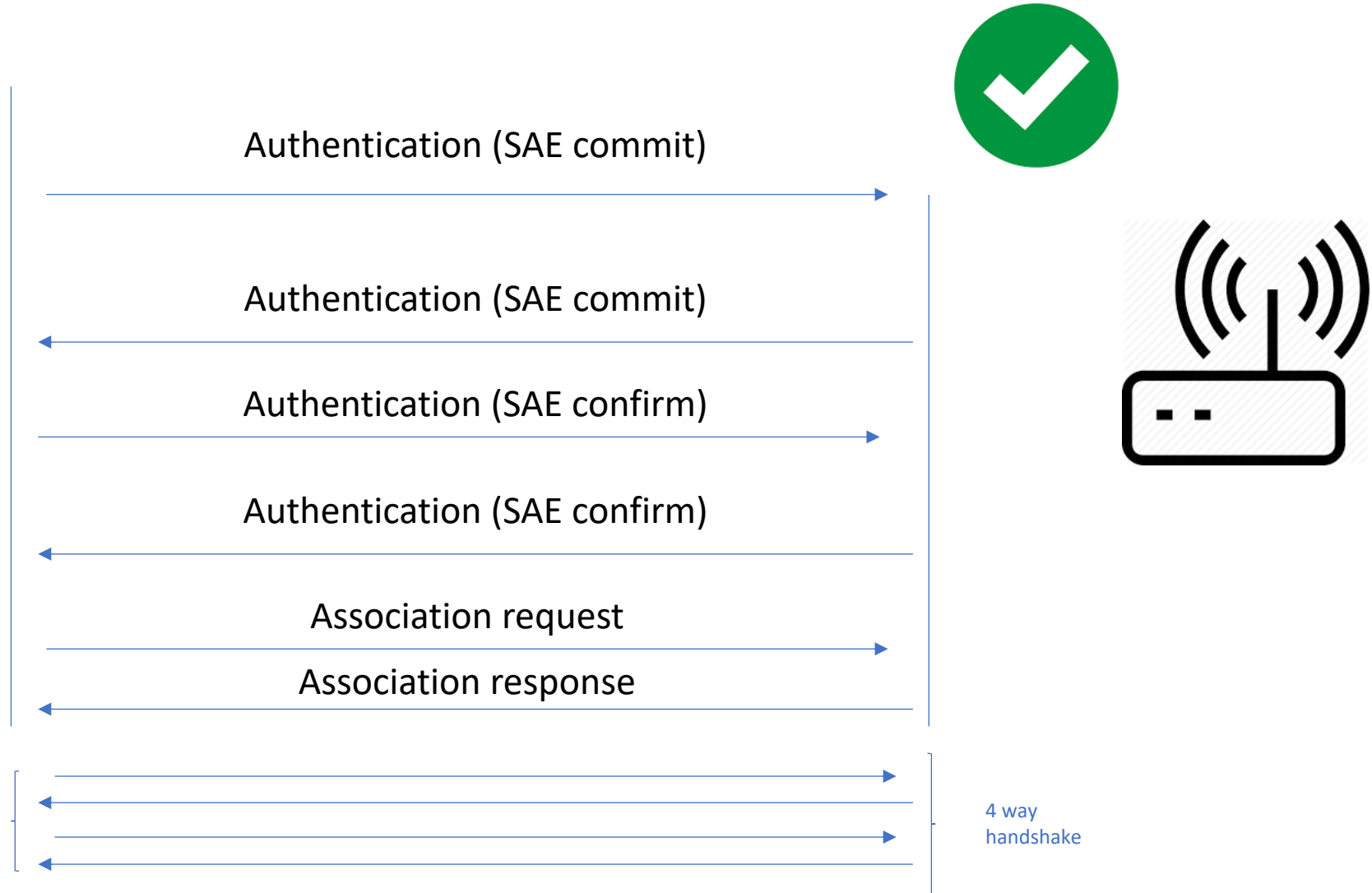
[CVE-2017-13088](#): reinstallation of the integrity group key (IGTK) when processing a Wireless Network Management (WNM) Sleep Mode Response frame.



# Entonces qué hay con WPA3?



# Flujos



4 way  
handshake

| No. | RelativeTime | TA    | RA        | Protocol | Length | Duration | Info                                   |
|-----|--------------|-------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--|
| 1   | 0.000000     | C3802 | Broadcast | 802.11   | 431    | 0        | Beacon frame, SN=2306, FN=0, Flags=... |
| 2   | 0.102273     | C3802 | Broadcast | 802.11   | 431    | 0        | Beacon frame, SN=2307, FN=0, Flags=... |
| 3   | 0.204776     | C3802 | Broadcast | 802.11   | 431    | 0        | Beacon frame, SN=2308, FN=0, Flags=... |
| 4   | 0.409497     | C3802 | Broadcast | 802.11   | 431    | 0        | Beacon frame, SN=2309, FN=0, Flags=... |
| 5   | 0.511956     | C3802 | Broadcast | 802.11   | 431    | 0        | Beacon frame, SN=2310, FN=0, Flags=... |

Tagged parameters (329 bytes)

- > Tag: SSID parameter set: CWAP-TEST
- > Tag: Supported Rates 24(B), 36, 48, 54, [Mbit/sec]
- > Tag: DS Parameter set: Current Channel: 132
- > Tag: Traffic Indication Map (TIM): DTIM 0 of 0 bitmap
- > Tag: Country Information: Country Code AU, Environment Any
- > Tag: Power Constraint: 0
- ▼ Tag: RSN Information
  - Tag Number: RSN Information (48)
  - Tag length: 30
  - RSN Version: 1
  - > Group Cipher Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) AES (CCM)
  - Pairwise Cipher Suite Count: 1
  - > Pairwise Cipher Suite List 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) AES (CCM)
    - Auth Key Management (AKM) Suite Count: 2
    - ▼ Auth Key Management (AKM) List 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) PSK 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) SAE (SHA256)
      - ▼ Auth Key Management (AKM) Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) PSK
        - Auth Key Management (AKM) OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
        - Auth Key Management (AKM) type: PSK (2)
      - ▼ Auth Key Management (AKM) Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) SAE (SHA256)
        - Auth Key Management (AKM) OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
        - Auth Key Management (AKM) type: SAE (SHA256) (8)

- ▼ RSN Capabilities: 0x00a8
- .... = RSN Pre-Auth capabilities: Transmitter does not support pre-authentication
- .... = RSN No Pairwise capabilities: Transmitter can support WEP default key 0 si
- .... 10.. = RSN PTKSA Replay Counter capabilities: 4 replay counters per PTKSA/GTKSA/S
- .... 110... = RSN GTKSA Replay Counter capabilities: 4 replay counters per PTKSA/GTKSA/S
- .... .0.. = Management Frame Protection Required: False
- .... 1... = Management Frame Protection Capable: True
- .... 0... = Joint Multi-band RSNA: False
- .... 00.. = PeerKey Enabled: False
- .... 0... = Extended Key ID for Individually Addressed Frames: Not supported
- PMKID Count: 0
- PMKID List
- > Group Management Cipher Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) BIP (128)
- > Tag: QBSS Load Element 802.11e CCA Version

WPA2-PSK

WPA3-SAE

# Entreprise

- 802.11w requerido
- EAP sigue en uso
- Viene en dos sabores. 128 bits y 192 bits
- Para 192 bits es necesario utilizar AES-256-GCM
  - Hashing
  - Key establishments
  - Digital signatures

AES-256-GCM  
Encryption and data  
authentication

SHA-384  
Hashing

ECDH-P384  
Establishment of keys

ECDSA-P384  
Digital signatures

|     |             |             |                   |                |        |     |                       |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----------------------|
| 117 | 6.934468048 | 0.000399017 | IntelCor_69:cc:6f | Cisco_52:b0:ce | 802.11 | 306 | Association Request,  |
| 118 | 6.934481277 | 0.000013229 | IntelCor_69:cc:6f |                | 802.11 | 70  | Acknowledgement, Flag |
| 119 | 6.963181601 | 0.028700324 | Cisco_52:b0:ce    | Broadcast      | 802.11 | 463 | Beacon frame SN=3809  |

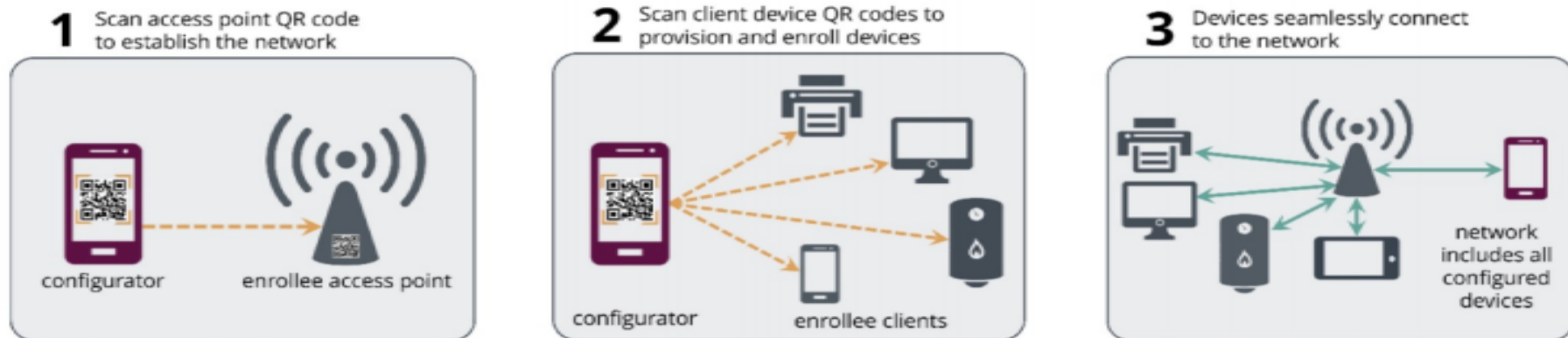
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Tag Number: RSN Information (48)
Tag length: 26
RSN Version: 1
  Group Cipher Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) GCMP (256)
    Group Cipher Suite OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
    Group Cipher Suite type: GCMP (256) (9)
  Pairwise Cipher Suite Count: 1
  Pairwise Cipher Suite List 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) GCMP (256)
    Pairwise Cipher Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) GCMP (256)
      Pairwise Cipher Suite OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
      Pairwise Cipher Suite type: GCMP (256) (9)
  Auth Key Management (AKM) Suite Count: 1
  Auth Key Management (AKM) List 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) WPA (SHA384-SuiteB)
    Auth Key Management (AKM) Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) WPA (SHA384-SuiteB)
      Auth Key Management (AKM) OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
      Auth Key Management (AKM) type: WPA (SHA384-SuiteB) (12)
  RSN Capabilities: 0x00e8
    .... ..0 = RSN Pre-Auth capabilities: Transmitter does not support pre-authentication
    .... ..0. = RSN No Pairwise capabilities: Transmitter can support WEP default key 0 simult
    .... ..10.. = RSN PTKSA Replay Counter capabilities: 4 replay counters per PTKSA/GTKSA/STAKE
    .... ..10 .... = RSN GTKSA Replay Counter capabilities: 4 replay counters per PTKSA/GTKSA/STAKE
    .... ..1.. .... = Management Frame Protection Required: True
    .... ..1... .... = Management Frame Protection Capable: True
    .... ..0 ..... = Joint Multi-band RSNA: False
    .... ..0. .... = PeerKey Enabled: False
    ..0. .... .... = Extended Key ID for Individually Addressed Frames: Not supported
  PMKID Count: 0
  PMKID List
  Group Management Cipher Suite: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11) BIP (GMAC-256)
    Group Management Cipher Suite OUI: 00:0f:ac (Ieee 802.11)
    Group Management Cipher Suite type: BIP (GMAC-256) (12)
  Tag: HT Information (802.11n D1.10)

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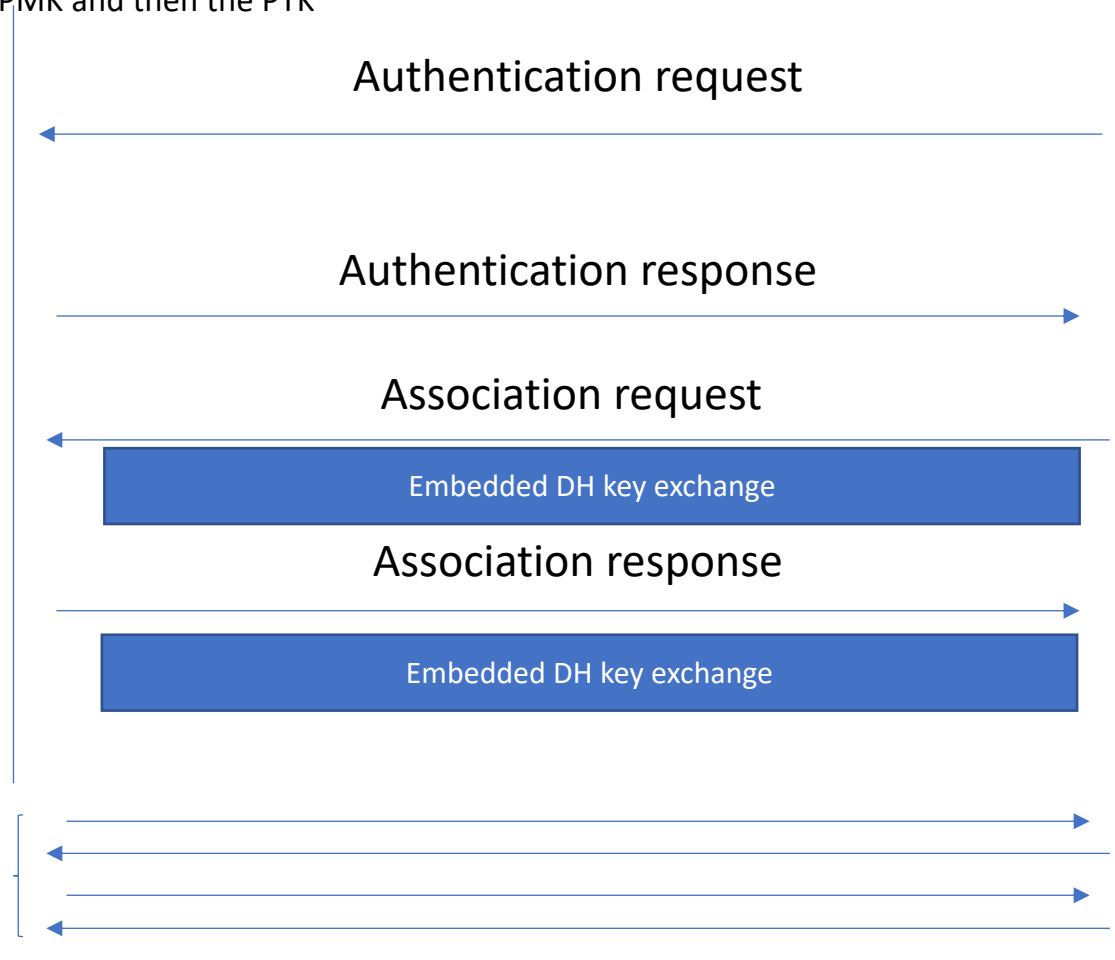
# Wi-Fi Easy connect

- Aprovisionamiento a través de códigos QR
- Utiliza el protocolo DPP (device Provisioning protocol)
- Mas inteligente, mas fuerte que WPS
- Aprovisionamiento sencillo de dispositivos IoT
- Utiliza PKI
- Dispositivos sin interfaz grafica



# OWE

- Opportunistic Wireless Encryption
- Short-term public keys
- Diffie-Helman to derive a PMK and then the PTK



4 way  
handshake



Preguntas...